

Operating manual

Hygrometers / thermometers

HD2101.1 – HD2101.2



Companies / Brands of GHM

Members of GHM GROUP

GREISINGER

HONSBERG

Martens

IMTRON

Delta OHM

www.deltaohm.com

Keep for future reference.

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	3
KEYBOARD AND MENU DESCRIPTION	8
THE PROBES	14
MEASUREMENT OF RELATIVE HUMIDITY.....	14
Calibration of the combined humidity/temperature probe	14
Humidity and Comfort indices.....	16
DIRECT INPUT INTO Pt100, Pt1000 AND Ni1000 TEMPERATURE PROBES	18
How to measure	18
Instructions to connect the TP47 connector for 4 wire Pt100, Pt1000 and Ni1000 probes.....	18
Direct connection of 4 wire Pt100 sensors	20
WARNINGS AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS	21
INSTRUMENT SIGNALS AND FAULTS	22
LOW BATTERY WARNING AND BATTERY REPLACEMENT	24
INSTRUMENT STORAGE	25
SERIAL INTERFACE AND USB	26
STORING AND TRANSFERRING DATA TO A PERSONAL COMPUTER	28
THE LOGGING FUNCTION - ONLY FOR HD2101.2.....	28
CLEARING THE MEMORY - ONLY FOR HD2101.2	28
THE PRINT FUNCTION	29
CONNECTION TO A PC	30
CONNECTION TO THE RS232C SERIAL PORT OF THE INSTRUMENT	30
CONNECTION TO THE USB 2.0 PORT OF THE INSTRUMENT - ONLY FOR HD2101.2.....	30
NOTES ABOUT WORKING AND OPERATING SAFETY	31
INSTRUMENT TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS	32
TECHNICAL DATA OF PROBES AND MODULES IN LINE WITH THE INSTRUMENT	34
TEMPERATURE PROBES Pt100 SENSOR USING SICRAM MODULE.....	34
RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND TEMPERATURE PROBES USING SICRAM MODULE.....	35
PROBES Pt100 4 WIRES AND Pt1000 2 WIRES.....	35
ORDER CODES	36

INTRODUCTION

The **HD2101.1** and **HD2101.2** are portable instruments with a large LCD display. They measure relative humidity and temperature using a Pt100 sensor or thermocouple humidity/temperature combined probe. Temperature only is measured by immersion, penetration or air contact probes. The sensor can be a Pt100, Pt1000 or Ni1000.

When the combined humidity/temperature probe is connected, the instrument calculates and displays the absolute humidity, the dew point, the partial vapour pressure, and the **comfort indices**. The probes are fitted with automatic detection module, with the factory calibration settings already being memorized inside.

The HD2101.2 instrument is a **datalogger**. It memorizes up to 38,000 samples which can be transferred from the instrument connected to a PC via the RS232C serial port or USB 2.0 port. The storing interval, printing, and baud rate can be configured using the menu.

The HD2101.1 and HD2101.2 models are fitted with an RS232C serial port and can transfer the acquired measurements in real time to a PC or to a portable printer.

The Max, Min and Avg function calculate the maximum, minimum or average values.

Other functions include: the relative measurement REL, the HOLD function, and the automatic turning off that can also be disabled.

The instruments have IP66 protection degree.

This manual describes the HD2101.1 and HD2101.2 models: if not otherwise specified, the description is intended to be applicable to both models.

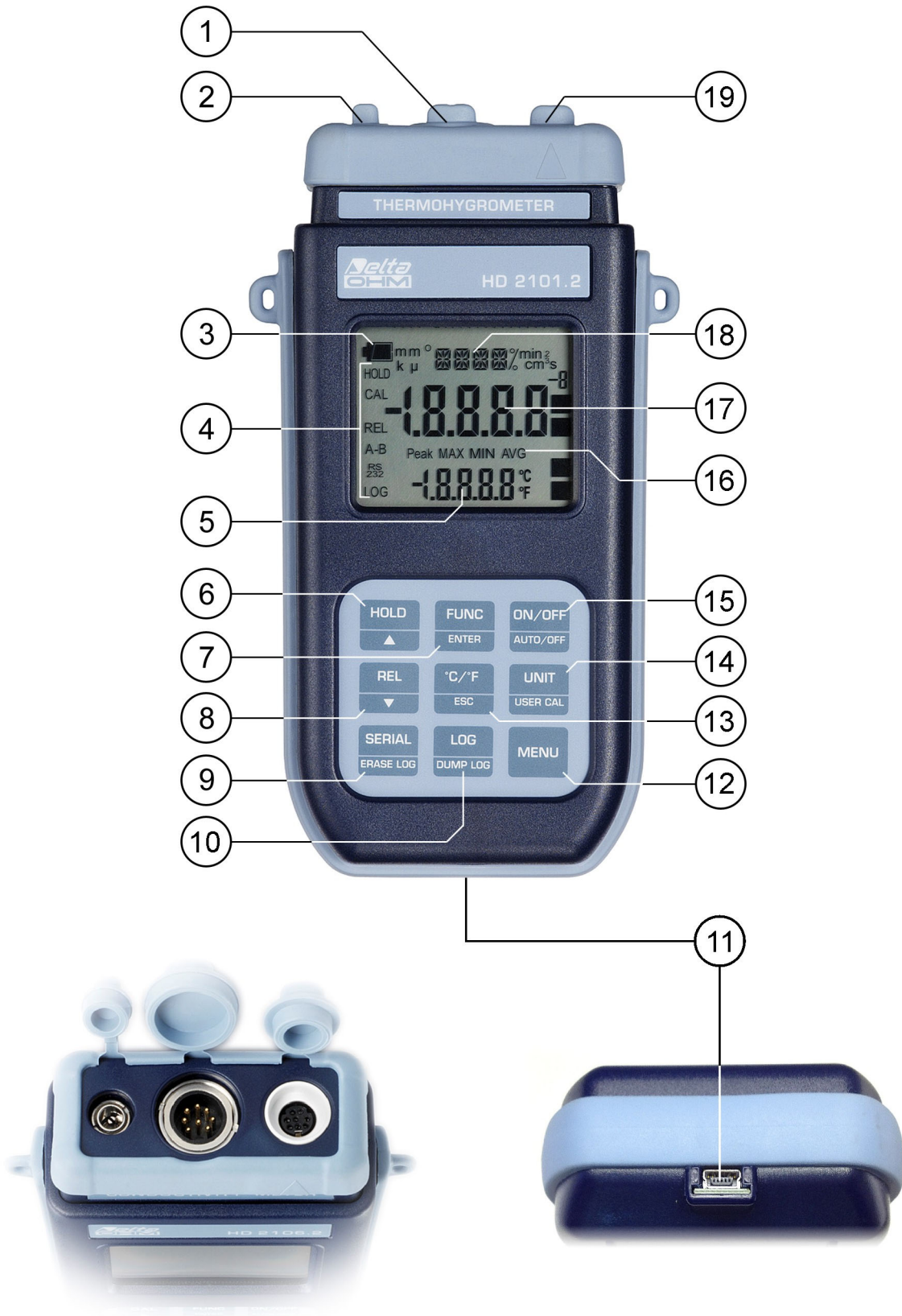
Hygro-Thermometer HD2101.1



HD2101.1

1. Input for probes, 8-pole DIN45326 connector.
2. External auxiliary power supply connector input.
3. Battery symbol: displays the battery charge level.
4. Functions indicators.
5. Secondary display line.
6. **HOLD/▲** key: freezes the measurement during normal operation; in the menu, increases the current value.
7. **FUNC/ENTER** key: during normal operation displays the maximum (MAX), the minimum (MIN) and the average (AVG) of current measurements; in the menu, confirms the current selection.
8. **REL/▼** key: enables the relative measurement (displays the difference between the current value and the logged value when the key is pressed); in the menu, decreases the current value.
9. **SERIAL** key: starts and ends data transfer to the serial communication port.
10. **MENU** key: allows access to and exit from the menu.
11. **°C/°F-ESC** key: changes the unit of measurement for temperature from degrees Celsius to Fahrenheit; in the menu, cancels the operation in progress without making changes.
12. **UNIT/USER CAL** key: during normal operation selects the unit of measurement for the main variable; when pressed together with the FUNC key, starts the calibration procedure for the probe connected to the instrument.
13. **ON-OFF/AUTO-OFF** key: turns the instrument on and off; when pressed together with the HOLD key, disables the automatic turn off.
14. MAX, MIN and AVG symbols.
15. Line for main display
16. Line for symbols and comments.
17. 8-pole MiniDin connector for RS232C. For the connection to PC (with cable HD2110CSNM or C206) or printer (with cable HD2110CSNM).

Hygro-Thermometer HD2101.2



HD2101.2

1. Input for probes, 8-pole DIN45326 connector.
2. External auxiliary power supply connector input.
3. Battery symbol: displays the battery charge level.
4. Main display line.
5. Secondary display line.
6. **HOLD/▲** key: freezes the measurement during normal operation; in the menu, increases the current value.
7. **FUNC/ENTER** key: during normal operation displays the maximum (MAX), the minimum (MIN) and the average (AVG) of current measurements; in the menu confirms the current selection.
8. **REL/▼** key: enables the relative measurement (displays the difference between the current value and the logged value when the key is pressed); in the menu, decreases the current value.
9. **SERIAL/ERASE LOG** key: starts and ends data transfer to the serial communication port. In the menu, clears the data contained in the instrument's memory.
10. **LOG/DUMP LOG** key: during normal operation, starts and ends the saving of the data in the internal memory; in the menu, starts the data transfer from the instrument's memory to the PC.
11. Mini-USB type B connector for USB 2.0. For the connection to PC (with cable CP23).
12. **MENU** key: allows access to and exit from the menu.
13. **°C/°F-ESC** key: changes the unit of measurement for temperature from degrees Celsius to Fahrenheit; in the menu, cancels the operation in progress without making changes.
14. **UNIT/USER CAL** key: during normal operation selects the unit of measurement for the main variable; when pressed together with the FUNC key, starts the calibration procedure for the probe connected to the instrument.
15. **ON-OFF/AUTO-OFF** key: turns the instrument on and off; when pressed together with the HOLD key, disables the automatic turn off.
16. MAX, MIN and AVG symbols.
17. Main display line
18. Line for symbols and comments.
19. 8-pole MiniDin connector for RS232C. For the connection to PC (with cable HD2110CSNM or C206) or printer (with cable HD2110CSNM).

KEYBOARD AND MENU DESCRIPTION

Foreword

The instrument keyboard is composed of single-function keys, like the MENU key, and double-function keys such as the ON-OFF/Auto-OFF key.

In the double-keys, the function in the upper part is the "main function", while the one in the bottom part is the "secondary function". When the instrument is in standard measurement mode, the main function is active. In the menu or in conjunction with the FUNC key, the secondary function is enabled.

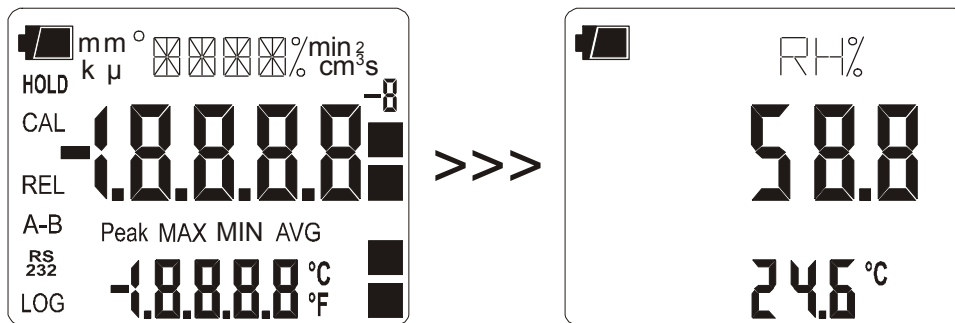
The pressing of a key is accompanied by a short confirmation beep: a longer beep sounds if the wrong key is pressed.

Each key specific function is described in detail below.



ON-OFF/Auto-OFF key

The instrument is turned on and off using the ON/OFF key. The turning on enables all display segments for a few seconds, starts an auto-test including the detection of the probe connected to the input and sets the instrument ready for normal measurement.



During turning on, should no probes be connected, the message "NO_PRBE_SER_NUM" is displayed in the line for symbols for a few seconds, and in the main line a series of dashes appears while the ERR message replaces the temperature.

When the probe is inserted into a functioning instrument, the "NEW_PROB_DET" (New probe detected) message appears: as the probe's data are captured upon turning the instrument on, it is necessary to turn the instrument off and on again.

Replace the probes when the instrument is off.



+



Automatic turning off

The instrument has an *AutoPowerOff* function that automatically turns the instrument off after about 8 minutes if no key is pressed during the intervening time. The *AutoPowerOff* function can be disabled by holding the HOLD key pressed down when turning the instrument on: the battery symbol will blink to remind the user that the instrument can only be turned off by pressing the <ON/OFF> key.

The automatic turning off function is disabled when external power is used. On the other hand, it cannot be disabled when the batteries are discharged.



FUNC/ENTER key

During normal measurement this enables the display and logging of the maximum (MAX), minimum (MIN) and average (AVG) value of the measurements captured by the probe connected to the instrument, updating them with the acquisition of new samples. The acquisition frequency is once a second.

In the menu, the ENTER key confirms the current parameter and then goes to the next one.

The MAX, MIN and AVG measurements remain in the memory until the instrument is on, even after exiting the calculation function. To reset the previous values and restart with a new measurement session, press FUNC until the message "FUNC CLR" appears, then use the arrows to select YES and confirm using ENTER.

Attention: the data captured using the Record function cannot be transferred to the PC.



HOLD/▲ key

It increases the current parameter when used in the menu; when used in measurement mode, it freezes the measurement in progress, and upon application of pressure on the key, the message **HOLD** appears in the upper side of the display. To return to the current measurement, press the key again.

Upon turning on the instrument, the *AutoPowerOff* function can be disabled by holding the HOLD key down (please see the ON-OFF key description).



UNIT/UserCAL key

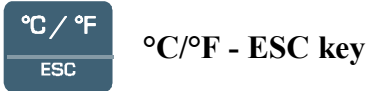
In measurement mode, it allows selection of the unit of measurement of the main input quantity (shown in the central line of the display). By repeatedly pressing the function key, the different units of measurement are displayed in sequence:

1. %RH % of relative humidity
2. g/kg Grams of vapor in a kilogram of dry air
3. g/m³ Grams of vapor in a cubic meter of dry air
4. hPa Partial vapor pressure (hPa)
5. J/g Enthalpy
6. Td Dew point (°C or °F)
7. Tw Wet bulb temperature (°C or °F)
8. DI Discomfort Index
9. NET Net Index

This setting changes the information displayed and the immediate print of data (SERIAL key). **The data recorded using the LOG function (HD2101.2) and sent to the printer or PC through the serial port using the SERIAL function (HD2101.1 and HD2101.2), keep the chosen unit of measurement and display it.**



Simultaneous pressure on the UNIT and FUNC keys starts the calibration procedure of the probe connected to the instrument. Please see the paragraph dedicated to calibration on page 14.



Changes the unit of measurement for the temperature from degrees Celsius to Fahrenheit for both the main and secondary variable.
When used in the menu, it clears or cancels the active function.



In measurement mode, it displays the difference between the current value and that measured on pressing the key for both measurements - main and secondary. The **REL** message appears on the display; press the key again to return to the current measurement.

When used in the menu, it decreases the current variable value.



The first menu item is accessed by initially pressing on the MENU key; press ENTER to go to the following items. To modify the item displayed, use the arrow keys (▲ and ▼). The current value is confirmed by pressing the ENTER key and the display moves on to the next parameter, by pressing the ESC key the setting is cleared.

To exit the menu, press the MENU key at any time.

The menu items are listed in this order:

- 1) **Management of logged data (only HD2101.2):** the message ">>>>_LOG_DUMP_or_ERAS" (Transfer data or erase) is scrolled in the comment line. The center figure reports the number of free memory pages (FREE). All memory data are permanently erased by pressing SERIAL/EraseLOG. By pressing LOG/DumpLOG, the data transfer of the logged data on the serial port is started: the "BAUD-RATE" must have previously been set to the maximum value (please see the menu items described below and the paragraph "STORING AND TRANSFERRING DATA TO A PERSONAL COMPUTER" on page 28).

- 2) **Probe type:** the message ">>>_PRBE_TYPE" is scrolled in the comment line. The main line in the center of the display shows the type of probe connected to the instrument. The following probes can be connected to the input:
- humidity/temperature combined probes with Pt100 sensor complete with SICRAM module
 - humidity/temperature combined probes with thermocouple K sensor complete with SICRAM module
 - temperature probes Pt100 complete with SICRAM module
 - direct 4 wire Pt100 probes complete with TP47 module
 - 2 wire Pt1000 probes complete with TP47 module
 - 2 wire Ni1000 probes complete with TP47 module

Upon turning on the instrument automatically detects the probes fitted with SICRAM module, the Delta Ohm Pt1000 and Ni1000: the *Probe Type* menu item is configured by the instrument and cannot be modified by the user.

The temperature probes direct 4 wire Pt100, the Pt1000 and the Ni1000 are manufactured by Delta OHM. When turned on they display the message "NO_PRBE_SER_NUM". In this case the probe type must be entered manually. Select **Probe type** using the MENU key and then select the type of probe used with the arrow keys; confirm using ENTER.

- 3) **Print and log interval:** sets the interval in seconds between two loggings or data transfers to the serial port. The interval can be set at 0, 1s, 5s, 10s, 15s, 30s, 60s (1min), 120s (2min), 300s (5min), 600s (10min), 900s (15min), 1200s (20min), 1800s (30min) and 3600s (1hour). **If the value 0 is set, SERIAL works on command: the sending of data to the serial port is performed each time the key is pressed.** Recording (LOG) is performed with one second intervals even if the interval is set to 0. With an interval from 1 to 3600s, continuous data transfer is started when the SERIAL key is pressed. To end the recording (LOG) and **continuous** data transfer operations (SERIAL with an interval greater than 0), press the same key again.
- 4) **Sleep_Mode_LOG (Automatic turning off during logging) (only HD2101.2):** this function controls the instrument's automatic turning off during logging, occurring between the capture of a sample and the next one. When the interval is lower than 60 seconds, the instrument will always remain on. With intervals greater than or equal to 60 seconds, it is possible to turn off the instrument between loggings: it will turn on at the moment of sampling and will turn off immediately afterwards, thus increasing the battery life. Using the arrows select **YES** and confirm using **ENTER** in order to enable the automatic turning off, select **NO** and confirm to disable it and keep the instrument on continuously.
Note: even if **Sleep_Mode_LOG=YES** is selected, the instrument does not turn off for less than one minute intervals.
- 5) **YEAR:** to set the current year. Use the arrows to modify this parameter and confirm using ENTER.
- 6) **MNTH (month):** to set the current month. Use the arrows to modify this parameter and confirm using ENTER.
- 7) **DAY:** to set the current day. Use the arrows to modify this parameter and confirm using ENTER.
- 8) **HOUR:** to set the current hour. Use the arrows to modify this parameter and confirm using ENTER.

- 9) **MIN (minutes)**: to set the current minutes. In order to correctly synchronize the minute, it is possible to reset the seconds by pressing the UNIT key. Use the arrows to set the current minute plus one, and as soon as that minute is reached press UNIT: this synchronizes the time to the second. Press ENTER to go onto the next item.
- 10) **BAUD_RATE**: indicates the frequency used for the serial communication with the PC. Values from 1200 to 38400 baud. Use the arrows to modify this parameter and confirm using ENTER. **The communication between instrument and PC (or serial port printer) only works if the instrument and PC baud rates are the same.** If the USB connection is used this parameter value is automatically set (please see the details on page 28).



LOG/DumpLOG key - only HD2101.2

In measurement mode, this function starts and stops the logging of a data block to be saved in the instrument's internal memory. The data logging frequency is set in the "**Print and log interval**" menu parameter. The data logged between a start and subsequent stop represent a block. When the logging function is on, the LOG indication is displayed, the battery symbol blinks and a beep is issued each time a logging occurs; **the battery symbol does not appear when using an external power supply.** To end the logging, press LOG.

The HD2101.2 can turn off during logging between one capture and the next: the function is controlled by the **Sleep_Mode_LOG** parameter. When the logging interval is less than one minute, the logging instrument remains on; with an interval of at least one minute, it turns off between one capture and the next if the parameter **Sleep_Mode_LOG=YES**.



>>>



Dump LOG - only HD2101.2

When the LOG key is pressed after the MENU key, the transfer of the logged data on the serial port is started. Please see the paragraph dedicated to data transfer on page 28.



SERIAL key - only HD2101.1



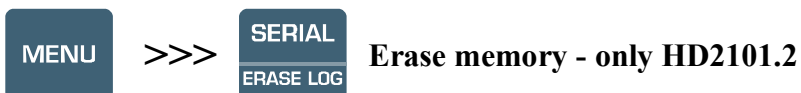
SERIAL/EraserLOG key - only HD2101.2

In measurement mode, this function starts and stops the data transfer to the RS232C serial output. According to the settings entered in the **Print and log interval** menu item, a single sample can be printed if **Print and log interval=0** or a continuous indefinite printing of the measured data can be set up if **Print and log interval=1...3600**.

The printing operation is accompanied by the display of the RS232 symbol and the blinking of the battery symbol; **when using an external power supply the battery symbol does not appear.** Press SERIAL to end the continuous printing.

Before starting the printing with SERIAL, set the baud rate. To do so, select the **Baud Rate** menu item and select the maximum value equal to 38400 baud by using the arrows. Confirm with ENTER.

The DeltaLog9 software for PC will automatically set the baud rate value during connection. **If you are using a different program than DeltaLog9, be sure the baud rate is the same for both the instrument and the PC: the communication will only work in this way.**



When pressed after the MENU key, the SERIAL key **permanently** erases all the data contained in the instrument's memory.

THE PROBES

The instrument works by using combined humidity/temperature probes (temperature with a Pt100 sensor or thermocouple) and with temperature only probes with 4 wire Pt100, or 2 wire Pt1000 or Ni1000. The combined humidity/temperature probes are fitted with SICRAM module that acts as an interface between the sensor on the probe and the instrument. There is a microprocessor circuit with a permanent memory inside the module that enables the datalogger to recognize the type of probe connected and to read its calibration information.

The Delta Ohm Pt1000 and Ni1000 probes are automatically detected while the direct 4 wire Pt100 temperature probe is not automatically detected by the instrument and must be set up in the **Probe type** menu item (please see the description of the menu on page 11).

The probe is detected during turn on, and this cannot be performed when the instrument is already on, therefore if a probe is connected and the instrument is on, it is necessary to turn it off and on.

MEASUREMENT OF RELATIVE HUMIDITY

The humidity probes are humidity/temperature combined probes: the humidity sensor is a capacitive type sensor, while according to the model the temperature sensor is either a Pt100 or a thermocouple K.

The instrument measures relative humidity %RH and temperature, and starting from the fixed barometric pressure value of 1013.25mbar it calculates the following resulting quantities:

1. g/kg Grams of vapor in a kilogram of dry air
2. g/m³ Grams of vapor in a cubic meter of dry air
3. hPa Partial vapor pressure (hPa)
4. J/g Enthalpy
5. Td Dew point (°C or °F)
6. Tw Wet bulb temperature (°C or °F)
7. DI Discomfort Index
8. NET Net Index

For a detailed description of the meaning of Discomfort index and Net index, please see the paragraph *Humidity and Comfort indices* on page 16.

A measurement is performed by placing the probe in the area of whose parameters you wish to measure. Keep the probe far from elements that might interfere with measurement such as: heat or sources of cooling, walls, air-streams, etc. Avoid temperature drops that might cause condensation. A reading taken when no heat drop occurs is practically immediate. In contrast, in conditions involving heat drops, it is necessary to wait until the probes and their housing have reached a thermal equilibrium in order to prevent heat irradiation or absorption on the relative humidity sensor, which would cause a faulty measurement. Since temperature affects relative humidity; move the probe like a fan in order to speed the response time in the presence of heat drops.

Calibration of the combined humidity/temperature probe

To calibrate the probes correctly, a knowledge of and abiding by the physical phenomena on which the measurement is based is fundamental: this is the reason why it is recommended to abide by what is reported below carefully and only to perform new calibrations if technically proficient.

The probes are calibrated in our laboratory at 23°C at the points of 75%RH, 33%RH and 11.4%RH. On request, the probes can be checked at different isotherms.

The calibration of the temperature sensor by the user is not required: the sensor is calibrated in the factory and the Callendar Van Dusen parameters are recorded in the SICRAM module.

In order to calibrate the instrument correctly, it is very important for the probe and the saturated solutions to maintain the same temperature and that this is as stable as possible during the entire calibration operation.

Calibration sequence:

1. Unscrew the sensor protection on the top of the probe.
2. In its place screw the bored cap with the threaded ring very well at the base (there are two types of thread: M24x1,5 and M12x1, so use the appropriate one).
3. Open the cap for the 75%RH saturated solution.
4. Should there be any drops of solution inside the measuring chamber, dry them with some blotting paper.
5. Insert the probe in the container, making sure the cap at the base is screwed well. **The measuring chamber must be closed perfectly, otherwise it will not get saturated:** it is essential that no air passes through it.
6. **Wait at least 30 minutes.**
7. Press contemporarily **FUNC/Enter** and **UNIT/UserCAL**: the message "PROB_CAL_EXIT _OR_75_OR_33_OR_11" is scrolled in the upper part of the display. To proceed with the calibration, using the arrows select 75%, and confirm using UNIT/UserCAL. [To exit without calibrating the probe, press UNIT/UserCAL when the message "nonE" (None) appears].
8. The relative humidity read by the probe is shown: if necessary, correct the value of the saturated solution against the 75.0% proposed by the instrument using the arrows ▲ and ▼. The temperature is measured by the Pt100 or TC sensor. Press **ENTER** to confirm the calibration point. The instrument returns to the calibration main page and displays "nonE". To proceed with another point, select it using the arrows and confirm it using UNIT/UserCAL [to return to measurement mode, press UNIT/UserCAL when the message "nonE" appears].
9. Remove the probe from the 75%RH container and close it immediately using its cap.

Calibrating the points at 33%RH and 11%RH

Repeat the points from 3) to 9) using the saturated salts at 33%RH and 11%RH

When completed, unscrew the ring with the cap, and screw the protection grid back on the sensors. The calibration is now complete.

Important notes:

- 1) Do not let hands touch the RH sensor
- 2) The sensor base is in alumina so it could easily break
- 3) During the entire calibration cycle keep the temperature as constant as possible; plastic materials are poor thermal conductors, therefore some time is needed for them to reach a thermal equilibrium
- 4) In case no satisfactory results are obtained, check that:
 - the sensor is not faulty, corroded or dirty
 - the measuring chamber is perfectly closed during calibration
 - the saturated solutions are not exhausted A saturated solution at 11%RH or 33%RH is exhausted when there is no more salt inside between the two walls but only a thick liquid: in

this case the chamber cannot reach its saturation anymore. For the saturated solutions at 75%RH, check that the salt is not dry (crystallized) for in order to reach the saturation, it needs to be wet

- 5) Storage of the saturated solutions: the saturated solutions must be stored in a dark environment at a constant temperature of about 20°C with the container well closed inside a dry room

Relative humidity of saturated salts at different temperatures

Temp °C	Lithium Chloride	Potassium Acetate	Magnesium Chloride	Potassium Carbonate	Magnesium Nitrate	Sodium Chloride	Potassium Chloride	Potassium Nitrate	Potassium Sulphate
0	11.23 ± 0.54		33.66 ± 0.33	43.13 ± 0.66	60.35 ± 0.55	75.51 ± 0.34	88.61 ± 0.53	96.33 ± 2.9	98.77 ± 1.10
5	11.26 ± 0.47		33.60 ± 0.28	43.13 ± 0.50	58.86 ± 0.43	75.65 ± 0.27	87.67 ± 0.45	96.27 ± 2.1	98.48 ± 0.91
10	11.29 ± 0.41	23.28 ± 0.53	33.47 ± 0.24	43.14 ± 0.39	57.36 ± 0.33	75.67 ± 0.22	86.77 ± 0.39	95.96 ± 1.4	98.18 ± 0.76
15	11.30 ± 0.35	23.40 ± 0.32	33.30 ± 0.21	43.15 ± 0.33	55.87 ± 0.27	75.61 ± 0.18	85.92 ± 0.33	95.41 ± 0.96	97.89 ± 0.63
20	11.31 ± 0.31	23.11 ± 0.25	33.07 ± 0.18	43.16 ± 0.33	54.38 ± 0.23	75.47 ± 0.14	85.11 ± 0.29	94.62 ± 0.66	97.59 ± 0.53
25	11.30 ± 0.27	22.51 ± 0.32	32.78 ± 0.16	43.16 ± 0.39	52.89 ± 0.22	75.29 ± 0.12	84.34 ± 0.26	93.58 ± 0.55	97.30 ± 0.45
30	11.28 ± 0.24	21.61 ± 0.53	32.44 ± 0.14	43.17 ± 0.50	51.40 ± 0.24	75.09 ± 0.11	83.62 ± 0.25	92.31 ± 0.60	97.00 ± 0.40
35	11.25 ± 0.22		32.05 ± 0.13		49.91 ± 0.29	74.87 ± 0.12	82.95 ± 0.25	90.79 ± 0.83	96.71 ± 0.38
40	11.21 ± 0.21		31.60 ± 0.13		48.42 ± 0.37	74.68 ± 0.13	82.32 ± 0.25	89.03 ± 1.2	96.41 ± 0.38
45	11.16 ± 0.21		31.10 ± 0.13		46.93 ± 0.47	74.52 ± 0.16	81.74 ± 0.28	87.03 ± 1.8	96.12 ± 0.40
50	11.10 ± 0.22		30.54 ± 0.14		45.44 ± 0.60	74.43 ± 0.19	81.20 ± 0.31	84.78 ± 2.5	95.82 ± 0.45
55	11.03 ± 0.23		29.93 ± 0.16			74.41 ± 0.24	80.70 ± 0.35		
60	10.95 ± 0.26		29.26 ± 0.18			74.50 ± 0.30	80.25 ± 0.41		
65	10.86 ± 0.29		28.54 ± 0.21			74.71 ± 0.37	79.85 ± 0.48		
70	10.75 ± 0.33		27.77 ± 0.25			75.06 ± 0.45	79.49 ± 0.57		
75	10.64 ± 0.38		26.94 ± 0.29			75.58 ± 0.55	79.17 ± 0.66		
80	10.51 ± 0.44		26.05 ± 0.34			76.29 ± 0.65	78.90 ± 0.77		
85	10.38 ± 0.51		25.11 ± 0.39				78.68 ± 0.89		
90	10.23 ± 0.59		24.12 ± 0.46				78.50 ± 1.00		
95	10.07 ± 0.67		23.07 ± 0.52						
100	9.90 ± 0.77		21.97 ± 0.60						

Humidity and Comfort indices

Environmental conditions influence physical well being: particular values of temperature, humidity and wind speed give rise to specific conditions which are annoying or even intolerable. While it is easy to calculate the effects of each variable on man when considered separately, it is more complex to provide an indication of the combined effect of all three variables.

Various evaluation systems have been introduced to formulate the climatic quality indices (**Comfort Indices**).

The indices calculated by the instrument are the **Discomfort Index (DI)** and the **Net Index (NET)**. These two indices will be displayed if the instrument is connected to a humidity/temperature combined probe.

The Net Index also considers the wind speed but its contribution is ignored as its influence is negligible.

According to the value supplied by the DI index (Discomfort Index), the climatic conditions range from comfortable to somewhat annoying, and then intolerable:

Comfortable	Not very annoying	Annoying	Very annoying	Intolerable
68	70	75	80	86

There are four possible causes of local discomfort:

- high vertical difference of temperature
- too hot or cold floor
- high asymmetry of radiation temperature
- air streams

The **NET INDEX** gives the so-called "apparent temperature": in the presence of optimum climatic conditions, the Net Index approaches the temperature T expressed in degrees Celsius. As the climate departs further and further from the optimum conditions, the influence of humidity becomes more and more obvious. The Net Index provides an apparent temperature that reflects the typical sensations of man and departs considerably from the value of temperature alone:

- in a hot climate, the NET INDEX increases with the increase of temperature and/or humidity
- in a cold climate, the NET INDEX decreases with the temperature and with the increase of humidity.

DIRECT INPUT INTO Pt100, Pt1000 and Ni1000 TEMPERATURE PROBES

The instrument accepts the input of Platinum temperature probes with resistances of 100Ω and 1000Ω, as well as Nickel temperature probes with a 1000Ω resistance.

The Pt100 are connected to 4 wires, the Pt1000 and Ni1000 to 2 wires, with the excitation current chosen minimizing the sensor self-heating effects.

All probes with module are calibrated in the factory, the 2 or 4 wire probes with direct input **are checked for conformity with class A tolerance** according to norm IEC751 - BS1904 - DIN43760.

The probes with SICRAM module, the Delta OHM Pt1000 and Ni1000, are detected by the instrument; but the model configuration is required for the other probes (please see the description of the Probe Type menu item on page 11).

The °C or °F unit of measurement can be chosen for display, printing, and logging using the °C/°F-ESC key.

How to measure

The temperature measurement by **immersion** is carried out by inserting the probe in the liquid for at least 60mm; the sensor is housed in the end part of the probe.

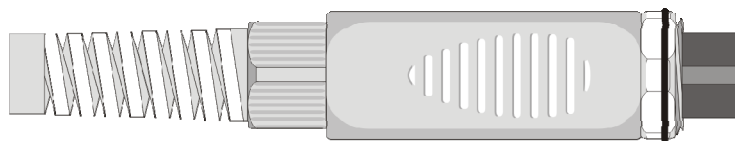
In the temperature measurement by **penetration** the probe tip must be inserted to a depth of at least 60mm, the sensor is housed in the end part of the probe. When measuring the temperature on frozen blocks it is convenient to use a mechanical tool to bore a cavity in which to insert the tip probe.

In order to perform a correct **contact** measurement, the measurement surface must be even and smooth, and the probe must be perpendicular to the measurement plane.

So as to obtain the correct measurement, the insertion of a drop of oil or heat-conductive paste is useful (do not use water or solvents). This method also improves the response time.

Instructions to connect the TP47 connector for 4 wire Pt100, Pt1000 and Ni1000 probes

All probes produced by Delta Ohm are provided with a connector. The HD2101.1 and HD2101.2 instruments also work with 4 wire direct Pt100, Pt1000 and Ni1000 probes manufactured by other producers: for the instrument connection is prescribed the TP47 connector to which the probe's wires should be welded.

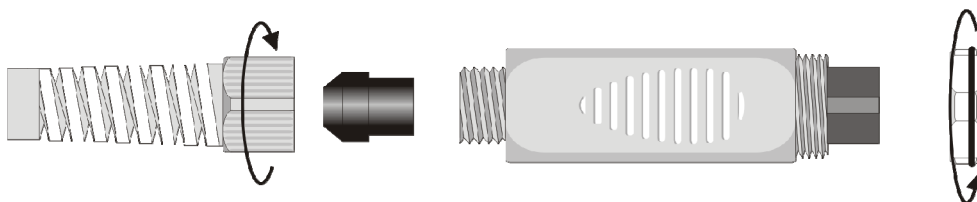


The instructions to connect the Platinum or Nickel probe to the module are provided below.

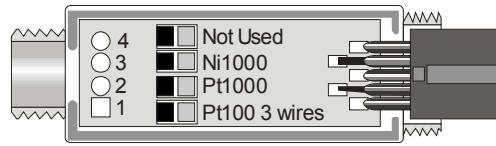
The module is supplied complete with fairlead and gasket for 5mm maximum diameter cables.

Do the following to open the module and connect a probe:

Unscrew the fairlead and extract the gasket, remove the label using a cutter, unscrew the ring on the opposite side as illustrated in the figure:



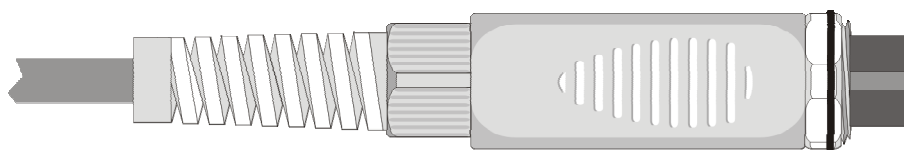
Open the two module shells: the printed circuit to which the probe must be connected is housed inside. On the left there are the 1...4 points on which the sensor wires must be welded. The JP1...JP4 jumpers are in the center of the board. These must be closed with a tin bead for some type of sensors:



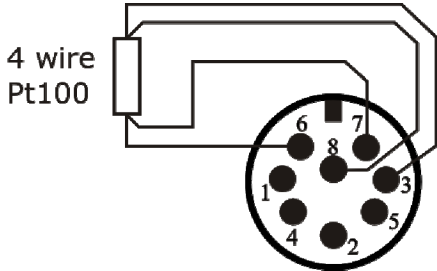
Before welding, pass the probe cable through the fairlead and gasket. Weld the wires as shown in the table:

Sensor	TP47 card connection	Jumper to close
Pt100 4 wires		None
Pt1000 2 wires		JP2
Ni1000		JP3

Ensure the welds are clean and perfect. Once the welding operation is complete, close the two shells, insert the gasket in the module, and screw the fairlead and the ring. At the other end of the module, enter the ring with the O-Ring. Make sure the cable is not twisted while you are screwing the fairlead. Now the probe is ready.



Direct connection of 4 wire Pt100 sensors


Sensor	Direct soldering to the connector
4-wire Pt100	 <p data-bbox="383 358 478 436">4 wire Pt100</p> <p data-bbox="446 604 758 672">View of the soldering side of the free female connector</p>

4 wire Pt100 sensors can be soldered directly to the pins of the free female connector without making use of the TP47 board. The 4 wires of the Pt100 sensors have to be soldered as indicated in the figure on the left.

In order to use this type of probe it is necessary to set up the menu item “Probe Type” as described at page 11.

The P100 probe is recognized upon turning on the instrument: connect the probe when the instrument is switched off and then turn it on.

WARNINGS AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Do not expose the probes to gases or liquids that could corrode the material of the sensor or the probe itself. Clean the probe carefully after each measurement.
2. Do not bend the probe connectors or force them upward or downward.
3. Do not bend or force the contacts when inserting the probe connector into the instrument.
4. Do not bend, deform or drop the probes, as this could cause irreparable damage.
5. Always select the most suitable probe for your application.
6. Do not use probes in presence of corrosive gases or liquids. The sensor container is made of AISI 316 stainless steel, while the contact probe container is made from AISI 316 stainless steel plus silver. Avoid contact between the probe surface and any sticky surface or substance that could corrode or damage it.
7. Above 400°C and below -40°C, avoid violent blows or thermal shocks to Platinum temperature probes as this could cause irreparable damage.
8. To obtain reliable temperature measurements, temperature variations that are too rapid must be avoided.
9. Temperature probes for surface measurements (contact probes) must be held perpendicular against the surface. Apply oil or heat-conductive paste between the surface and the probe in order to improve contact and reduce reading time. Whatever you do, do not use water or solvent for this purpose. A contact measurement is always very hard to perform. It has high levels of uncertainty and depends on the ability of the operator.
10. Temperature measurements on non-metal surfaces usually require a great deal of time due to the low heat conductivity of non-metal materials.
11. Probes are not insulated from their external casing; be very careful not to come into contact with  live parts (above 48V). This could be extremely dangerous for the instrument as well as for the operator, who could be electrocuted.
12. Avoid taking measurements in presence of high frequency sources, microwave ovens or large magnetic fields; results may not be very reliable.
13. Clean the probe carefully after use.
14. The instrument is water resistant and IP66, but is not watertight and therefore should not be immersed in water. The probe connectors must be fitted with sealing gaskets. Should the instrument fall into the water, check for any water infiltration. Gently handle the instrument in such a way as to prevent any water infiltration from the connectors' side.

INSTRUMENT SIGNALS AND FAULTS


The following table lists all error indications and information displayed by the instrument and supplied to the user in different operating situations:

Display indications	Explanation
ERR	This appears if the probe has already been detected by the instrument, but is disconnected. At the same time an intermittent beep is issued.
- - -	This appears in the display central line when a temperature only probe is connected. In the lower line the temperature is shown correctly.
PROB COMM LOST	This appears if the probe, has already been detected by the instrument, but is disconnected. At the same time an intermittent beep is issued.
OVER	Measurement overflow: indicates that the probe is measuring a value exceeding the measuring range.
LOG MEM FULL	Memory full; the instrument cannot store further data, the memory space is exhausted.
NEW PROBE DET	This message appears when a new probe is inserted while the instrument is on. Turn the instrument off and then back on again.
PROB ERR	A probe with SICRAM module has been inserted when not admissible for that specific instrument.
SYS ERR #	Instrument management program error. Contact the instrument's supplier and communicate the numeric code # reported by the display.
CAL LOST	Program error: it appears after turning on for a few seconds. Contact the instrument's supplier.
BATT TOO LOW CHNG NOW	Indication of insufficient battery charge appearing on turning on. The instrument issues a long beep and turns off. Replace the batteries.

The following table reports the indications provided by the instrument as they appear on the display, together with their description.

Display indications	Explanation
>>> LOG DUMP or ERAS	transfer or erase data
>>> PRBE TYPE	type of probe connected
BATT TOO LOW - CHNG NOW	battery discharged - replace it immediately
BAUDRATE >>>	baud rate value
CAL 11 UP DOWN	calibration at 11%RH, use the arrows to correct the value proposed
CAL 33 UP DOWN	calibration at 33%RH, use the arrows to correct the value proposed
CAL 75 UP DOWN	calibration at 75%RH, use the arrows to correct the value proposed
COMM STOP	printing complete
COMM STRT	printing started
DAY	day
DUMP END	data transfer complete
DUMP In PROG >>>	data transfer in progress
ERR	error
FUNC CLR	max, min and average values clearing
FUNC CLRD	max, min and average values cleared
HOUR	hour
LOG In PROG	logging in progress
LOG MEM FULL	memory full
LOG CLRD	memory data cleared
LOG STOP	logging complete
LOG STRT	logging started
MIN >>> USE UNIT TO ZERO SEC	minutes >>> use the UNIT key to reset the seconds
MNTH	month
NEW PROB DET	new probe detected
NO PRBE SER NUM	the connected probe's serial number is absent
nonE	no selection
OVER	maximum limit exceeded
PLS_EXIT >>> FUNC RES_FOR_FACT ONLY	please exit using ESC >>> function reserved to factory calibration
PRBE_SER #####	serial number ##### of the connected probe
PRNT AND LOG INTV	printing and logging intervals
PRNT INTV >>>	printing interval
PROB COMM LOST	lost communication with probe
PROB ERR	error - unexpected probe
PROB CAL EXIT OR 75 OR 33 OR 11	probe calibration - exit or select 75, 33 or 11%RH
SLP_MODE_LOG	turning off during recording mode
SYS ERR #	program error number #
YEAR	year

LOW BATTERY WARNING AND BATTERY REPLACEMENT

The battery symbol  on the display constantly shows the battery charge status. To the extent that batteries have discharged, the symbol "empties". When the charge decreases still further it starts blinking...



In this case, batteries should be replaced as soon as possible.

If you continue to use it, the instrument can no longer ensure correct measurement. The memory data are maintained.

If the battery charge level is insufficient, the following message appears when you turn the instrument on:

**BATT TOO LOW
CHNG NOW**

The instrument issues a long beep and turns off. In this case, replace the batteries in order to turn the instrument back on.

In order to avoid data loss, the logging session is ended, if the HD2101.2 is logging and battery voltage falls below the minimum operating level.

The battery symbol turns off when the external power supply is connected.

To replace the batteries, switch the instrument off and unscrew the battery cover counter clockwise. After replacing the batteries (4 x 1.5V alkaline batteries - type AA) screw the cover on clockwise.



After replacing the batteries, the date, time, baud rate, type of probe, printing interval, logging parameters must be set again: in order to simplify the operation, on insertion of the new batteries the instrument turns on automatically and requests these parameters in sequence. To go to the next item press ENTER; to return to measurement mode, press MENU.

MALFUNCTIONING UPON TURNING ON AFTER BATTERY REPLACEMENT

After replacing the batteries, the instrument may not restart correctly; in this case, repeat the operation. After disconnecting the batteries, wait a few minutes in order to allow circuit condensers to discharge completely; then reinsert the batteries.

WARNING ABOUT BATTERY USE

- Batteries should be removed when the instrument is not used for an extended time.
- Flat batteries must be replaced immediately.
- Avoid batteries leaking.
- Always use good quality leakproof alkaline batteries. Sometimes on the market, it is possible to find new batteries with an insufficient charge capacity.

INSTRUMENT STORAGE

Instrument storage conditions:

- Temperature: -25...+65°C.
- Humidity: less than 90%RH without condensation.
- Do not store the instrument in places where:
 - Humidity is high.
 - The instrument may be exposed to direct sunlight.
 - The instrument may be exposed to a source of high temperature.
 - The instrument may be exposed to strong vibrations.
 - The instrument may be exposed to steam, salt or any corrosive gas.

The instrument case is made of ABS plastic and the protections are rubber: do not use any incompatible solvent for cleaning.

SERIAL INTERFACE AND USB

The HD2101.1 and HD2101.2 instruments are fitted with an electrically isolated RS-232C serial interface; the HD2101.2 also has a USB 2.0 interface.

The following serial cables can be used:

- **HD2110CSNM**: serial connection cable with 8-pole MiniDin connector on one end and 9-pole Sub D connector on the other end;
- **C.206**: serial connection cable with 8-pole MiniDin connector on one end and USB type A connector on the other end. With integrated RS232/USB converter;
- **CP23**: connection cable with Mini-USB type B connector on one end and USB type A connector on the other end (only for HD2101.2).

The connection via the C.206 cable requires the previous installation of the cable USB drivers. Install the drivers **before connecting the C.206 cable to the PC**.

The connection via the CP23 cable does not require the installation of USB drivers: when connecting the instrument to the PC, the Windows® operating system automatically recognizes the device as an HID device (Human Interface Device) and uses the drivers already included in the operating system.

Cable	Instrument port	PC port	Installation of USB drivers
HD2110CSNM	RS232 (MiniDin)	RS232 (9-pole SubD)	No
C.206	RS232 (MiniDin)	USB	Yes
CP23	USB (Mini-USB)	USB	No

The instrument standard serial transmission parameters are:

- Baud rate 38400 baud
- Parity None
- N. bit 8
- Stop bit 1
- Protocol Xon/Xoff

It is possible to change the RS232C serial port baud rate by setting the "*Baudrate*" parameter in the menu (please see page 11). The possible values are: 38400, 19200, 9600, 4800, 2400, 1200. The other transmission parameters are fixed.

The USB 2.0 connection does not require the setting of parameters.

The instruments are provided with a complete set of commands and data queries to be sent via the PC. The serial commands work with a standard serial communication program (e.g. Hyperterminal) only through the RS232 serial port of the instrument, using the cable HD2110CSNM or the cable C.206.

All the commands transferred to the instrument must have the following structure: **XYcr** where: **XY** is the command code and **cr** is the Carriage Return (ASCII 0D)

Command	Response	Description
P0	&	Ping (locks the instrument keyboard for 70 seconds)
P1	&	Unlocks the instrument keyboard
S0	53.0 22.7	Captured measurements (24 characters)
G0	Model HD2101 -2	Instrument model

Command	Response	Description
G1	M=Thermo-Hygrometer	Model description
G2	SN=12345678	Instrument serial number
G3	Firm.Ver.=01-00	Firmware version
G4	Firm.Date=2004/06/15	Firmware date
G5	cal 0000/00/00 00:00:00	Calibration date and time
G6	Probe=Sicram RH-Pt100	Type of probe connected to input
G7	Probe SN=11119999	Probe serial number
G8	Probe cal.=2004/01/12	Probe calibration date
GB	User ID=0000000000000000	User code (set with T2xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx)
GC		Print instrument's heading
LN	&1999	Number of free pages in the flash memory
LD	PRINTOUT OF LOG	Print data logged in flash
LE	&	Erase data in flash memory
K1	PRINTOUT IMMEDIATE MODE	Immediate printing of data
K0		Stop printing data
K4	&	Start logging data
K5	&	Stop logging data
K7	&	Enable REL function
K6	&	Disable REL function
KP	&	Auto-power-off function=ENABLE
KQ	&	Auto-power-off function=DISABLE
RA	& #	Reading of LOG/PRINT interval set
RP	& 600	Battery level (Resolut. 0.01V)
RUA	U= °C	Channel A unit of measurement
RUB	U= %RH	Channel B unit of measurement
WA#	&	Setting LOG/PRINT interval. # is a hexadecimal number 0...D that represents the position of the interval in the list 0, 1, 5, 10, ..., 3600 seconds.
WC0	&	Setting SELF off
WC1	&	Setting SELF on

Command characters are exclusively upper case characters. Once a correct command is entered, the instrument responds with "&"; when any wrong combination of characters is entered, the instrument responds with "?". The instrument response strings end with the sending of the CR command (Carriage Return). The instrument does not send the LF command (Line Feed).

Before sending commands to the instrument via the serial port, locking the keyboard to avoid functioning conflicts is recommended: use the P0 command. When complete, restore the keyboard with the P1 command.

STORING AND TRANSFERRING DATA TO A PERSONAL COMPUTER

The HD2101.1 and HD2101.2 instruments can be connected to a personal computer via an RS232C serial port or USB 2.0 port, and exchange data and information through the DeltaLog9 software running in a Windows operating environment. Both models can send in real time input measured values directly to a PC, through the PRINT function; the HD2101.2 can also store the values measured by using the *Logging* function (LOG key) in its internal memory. If necessary, the data stored in the memory can be transferred to a PC later.

THE LOGGING FUNCTION - ONLY FOR HD2101.2

The *Logging* function allows the recording up to 38,000 measurements registered by the probe connected to the input. The time interval between two consecutive measurements can be set from 1 second to 1 hour. The logging starts by pressing the LOG key and ends by pressing the same key again: the data memorized in this way form a continuous block of data.

See the description of the menu item on page 10.

If the automatic turning off option between two recordings (menu >> **Sleep_Mode_LOG**) is enabled, upon pressing the LOG key the instrument logs the first data and turns off. 15 seconds before the next logging instant, it turns on again to capture the new sample, and then turns off.

The data stored in the memory can be transferred to a PC using the DUMP LOG command: MENU >> LOG. During data transfer the display shows the message DUMP; to stop the data transfer press ESC on the instrument or on the PC.

CLEARING THE MEMORY - ONLY FOR HD2101.2

To clear the memory use the Erase Log function (MENU >> SERIAL).

The instrument starts clearing the internal memory; at the end of the operation, it goes back to normal display.

NOTES:

- Data transfer does not cause the memory to be erased; the operation can be repeated as many times as required.
- In order to print the data to a parallel interface printer, you must use a parallel-serial adaptor (not supplied).
- **The direct connection between instrument and printer via a USB connector does not work.**
- Some keys are disabled during logging. The following keys work: HOLD, FUNC (Max-Min-Avg) and SERIAL.
- Pressing the HOLD, REL and FUNC keys has no effect on the logged data if these keys are pressed **after** starting the recording, otherwise the following is valid.
- The recording started with the display in HOLD mode proceeds normally with the actual measured values (that is, not in "HOLD" mode). Only the display is frozen to the values present when the HOLD key was pressed.
- The same is true for the Max-Min-Avg function.
- If the logging is started when the display is in REL mode, the relative values are logged.
- It is possible to activate both the logging (LOG) and direct transfer (PRINT) functions at the same time.

THE *PRINT* FUNCTION

The PRINT function sends the measurements taken in real time by the instrument inputs directly to a PC or a printer. Print data units of measurements are the same as those used on the display. The function is started by pressing SERIAL. The time interval between two consecutive prints can be set from 1 second to 1 hour (please see the **Print and log interval** menu item on page 10). If the print interval is equal to 0, by pressing SERIAL the single data is sent to the connected device. If the print interval is higher than 0, the data transfer continues until the operator stops it by pressing SERIAL again.

The PRINT function works with a standard serial communication program (e.g. Hyperterminal) only through the RS232 serial port of the instrument, using the cable HD2110CSNM or the cable C.206.

Connect the HD40.1 printer using cable HD2110CSNM.

NOTES:

- The print out is formatted across 24 columns.
- Some keys are disabled during serial transmission. The following keys work: ON/OFF, HOLD, FUNC (Max-Min-Avg) and LOG.
- Pressing the HOLD, REL and FUNC keys has no effect on the printed data if these keys are pressed **after** starting the printing, otherwise the following is valid.
- The transfer started with the display in HOLD mode proceeds normally with the actual measured values (that is, not in "HOLD" mode). Only the display is frozen to the values present when the HOLD key was pressed.
- The same is true for the Max-Min-Avg function.
- If the serial transfer is started when the display is in REL mode, the relative values are transferred.
- It is possible to activate both the logging (LOG) and direct transfer (PRINT) functions at the same time.

CONNECTION TO A PC

HD2101.1

Connection to the PC with the cable:

- **HD2110CSNM**: 8-pole MiniDin connector on one end and 9-pole Sub D connector on the other end;
- **C.206**: 8-pole MiniDin connector on one end and USB type A connector on the other end. With integrated RS232/USB converter (requires the installation of the USB drivers).

HD2101.2

Connection to the PC with the cable:

- **CP23**: Mini-USB type B connector on one end and USB type A connector on the other end;
- **HD2110CSNM**: 8-pole MiniDin connector on one end and 9-pole Sub D connector on the other end;
- **C.206**: 8-pole MiniDin connector on one end and USB type A connector on the other end. With integrated RS232/USB converter (requires the installation of the USB drivers).

The instruments are supplied with the DeltaLog9 software that manages the connection, data transfer, graphic presentation, and printing operations of the captured or logged measurements.

The DeltaLog9 software is complete with "On-line Help" (also in PDF format) describing its characteristics and functions.

CONNECTION TO THE RS232C SERIAL PORT OF THE INSTRUMENT

1. The measurement instrument must be switched off.
2. Using the Delta Ohm HD2110CSNM or C.206 cable, connect the measuring instrument to the first free RS232C (COM) or USB serial port of the PC.
3. Turn on the instrument and set the baud rate to 38400 (MENU >> ENTER until the Baud Rate parameter >> select 38400 using the arrows >> confirm with ENTER). The parameter remains in the memory until replacement of the batteries.
4. Launch the DeltaLog9 application and press CONNECT. Wait for the connection to occur and follow the indications on the screen. For a description of the DeltaLog9 application, please refer to its on-line Help.

CONNECTION TO THE USB 2.0 PORT OF THE INSTRUMENT - ONLY FOR HD2101.2

The connection via the CP23 cable does not require the installation of USB drivers: when connecting the instrument to the PC, the Windows® operating system automatically recognizes the device as an HID device (Human Interface Device) and uses the drivers already included in the operating system.

To check if the connection has been successfully completed, double-click on "*Device Manager*" from the Control Panel. The following items should appear:

"Human Interface Device" >> "HID-compliant device"

"Human Interface Device" >> "USB Human Interface Device"

When the USB cable is disconnected, the items disappear and reappear when it is connected again.

NOTES ABOUT WORKING AND OPERATING SAFETY

Authorized use

The technical specifications as given in chapter "TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS" must be observed. Only the operation and running of the measuring instrument according to the instructions given in this operating manual is authorized. Any other use is considered unauthorized.

General safety instructions

This measuring system is constructed and tested in compliance with the EN 61010-1:2010 safety regulations for electronic measuring instruments. It left the factory in a safe and secure technical condition.

The smooth functioning and operational safety of the measuring system can only be guaranteed if the generally applicable safety measures and the specific safety instructions in this operating manual are followed during operation.

The smooth functioning and operational safety of the instrument can only be guaranteed under the environmental and electrical operating conditions that are specified in chapter "TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS".

Do not use or store the product in places such as listed below:

- Rapid changes in ambient temperature which may cause condensation.
- Corrosive or inflammable gases.
- Direct vibration or shock to the instrument.
- Excessive induction noise, static electricity, magnetic fields or noise.

If the measuring system was transported from a cold environment to a warm environment, the formation of condensate can impair the functioning of the measuring system. In this event, wait until the temperature of the measuring system reaches room temperature before putting the measuring system back into operation.

Obligations of the purchaser

The purchaser of this measuring system must ensure that the following laws and guidelines are observed when using dangerous substances:

- EEC directives for protective labour legislation
- National protective labour legislation
- Safety regulations

INSTRUMENT TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Instrument

Dimensions (Length x Width x Height)	185x90x40mm
Weight	470g (complete with batteries)
Materials	ABS, rubber
Display	2x4½ digits plus symbols Visible area: 52x42mm

Operating conditions

Working temperature	-5...50°C
Stocking temperature	-25...65°C
Working relative humidity	0...90%RH without condensation
Protection degree	IP66

Power Supply

Batteries	4 x 1.5V type AA batteries
Autonomy	200 hours with 1800mAh alkaline batteries
Power absorbed with instrument off	20µA
Mains (cod. SWD10)	Output mains adapter 100-240Vac/12Vdc-1A

Measuring units

°C - °F - %RH - g/kg - g/m³ - hPa - J/g -
Td - Tw - DI - NET

Security of memorized data

Unlimited, independently of battery charge conditions

Time

Date and time	Schedule in real time
Accuracy	1min/month max drift

*Measured values storage - model **HD2101.2***

Type	2000 pages of 19 samples each
Quantity	Total of 38000 samples
Selectable storage interval	1s, 5s, 10s, 15s, 30s, 1min, 2min, 5min, 10min, 15min, 20min, 30min and 1hour

Serial interface RS232C

Type	RS232C electrically isolated
Baud rate	Can be set from 1200 to 38400 baud
Data bit	8
Parity	None
Stop bit	1
Flow Control	Xon/Xoff
Serial cable length	Max 15m
Selectable print interval	immediate or 1s, 5s, 10s, 15s, 30s, 1min, 2min, 5min, 10min, 15min, 20min, 30min and 1hour

*USB interface - model **HD2101.2***

Type

1.1 - 2.0 electrically isolated

Connections

Input module for the probes

8-pole male DIN45326 connector

RS232 serial interface

8-pole MiniDin connector

USB interface (only **HD2101.2**)

Mini-USB type B connector

Mains adapter (cod. **SWD10**)

2-pole connector (positive at centre)

Relative humidity measurement

Measurement range

0...100%RH

Resolution

0.1%RH

Accuracy

± 0.1%RH (excluding probe error)

Drift after 1 year

0.1%RH/year (only the instrument)

“Dew point” measurement range

-40 ... +60 °C Td

Temperature measurement

Pt100 measurement range

-200...+650°C

Pt1000 measurement range

-200...+650°C

Ni1000 measurement range

-50...+250°C

Resolution

0.1°C

Accuracy

± 0.1°C (excluding probe error)

Drift after 1 year

0.1°C/year (only the instrument)

TECHNICAL DATA OF PROBES AND MODULES IN LINE WITH THE INSTRUMENT
TEMPERATURE PROBES Pt100 SENSOR USING SICRAM MODULE

Model	Type	Application range	Accuracy
TP472I	Immersion	-196°C...+500°C	±0.25°C (-196°C...+300°C) ±0.5°C (+300°C...+500°C)
TP472I.0 1/3 DIN - Thin Film	Immersion	-50°C...+300°C	±0.25°C
TP473P.I	Penetration	-50°C...+400°C	±0.25°C (-50°C...+300°C) ±0.5°C (+300°C...+400°C)
TP473P.0 1/3 DIN - Thin Film	Penetration	-50°C...+300°C	±0.25°C
TP474C.0 1/3 DIN - Thin Film	Contact	-50°C...+300°C	±0.3°C
TP475A.0 1/3 DIN - Thin Film	Air	-50°C...+250°C	±0.3°C
TP472I.5	Immersion	-50°C...+400°C	±0.3°C (-50°C...+300°C) ±0.6°C (+300°C...+400°C)
TP472I.10	Immersion	-50°C...+400°C	±0.3°C (-50°C...+300°C) ±0.6°C (+300°C...+400°C)
TP49A.I Class A	Immersion	-70°C...+250°C	±0.25°C
TP49AC.I Class A	Contact	-70°C...+250°C	±0.25°C
TP49AP.I Class A	Penetration	-70°C...+250°C	±0.25°C
TP875.I	Globe-thermometer Ø 150 mm	-30°C...+120°C	±0.25°C
TP876.I	Globe-thermometer Ø 50 mm	-30°C...+120°C	±0.25°C
TP87.O 1/3 DIN - Thin Film	Immersion	-50°C...+200°C	±0.25°C
TP878.O 1/3 DIN - Thin Film	Photovoltaic	+4°C...+85°C	±0.25°C
TP878.1.O 1/3 DIN - Thin Film	Photovoltaic	+4°C...+85°C	±0.25°C
TP879.O 1/3 DIN - Thin Film	Compost	-20°C...+120°C	±0.25°C

Common characteristics

Resolution	0.1°C
Temperature drift @ 20°C	0.003%/°C

RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND TEMPERATURE PROBES USING SICRAM MODULE

Model	Temperature sensor	Application range		Accuracy	
		%RH	Temperature	%RH	Temp.
HP472ACR	Pt100	0...100%RH	-20°C...+80°C	±1.5% (0...90%RH) ±2% (90...100%RH) @ T=15...35°C (1.5 + 1.5% reading)% @ T= remaining range	±0.3°C
HP572ACR	Thermocouple K	0...100%RH	-20°C...+80°C		±0.5°C
HP473ACR	Pt100	0...100%RH	-20°C...+80°C		±0.3°C
HP474ACR	Pt100	0...100%RH	-40°C...+150°C		±0.3°C
HP475ACR	Pt100	0...100%RH	-40°C...+150°C		±0.3°C
HP475AC1R	Pt100	0...100%RH	-40°C...+180°C		±0.3°C
HP477DCR	Pt100	0...100%RH	-40°C...+100°C		±0.3°C
HP478ACR	Pt100	0...100%RH	-40°C...+150°C		±0.3°C

Common characteristics

Relative humidity

Sensor	Capacitive
Resolution	0.1%RH
Temperature drift @ 20°C	0.02%RH/°C
Response time %RH at constant temperature	10sec (10→80%RH; air speed=2m/s)

Temperature with sensor Pt100

Resolution	0.1°C
Temperature drift @ 20°C	0.003%/°C

Temperature with thermocouple K - HP572AC

Resolution	0.1°C
Temperature drift @ 20°C	0.02%/°C

PROBES Pt100 4 WIRES AND Pt1000 2 WIRES

Model	Type	Application range	Accuracy
TP47.100.O 1/3 DIN – Thin Film	Pt100 4 wires	-50...+250°C	1/3 DIN
TP47.1000.O 1/3 DIN – Thin Film	Pt1000 2 wires	-50...+250°C	1/3 DIN
TP87.100.O 1/3 DIN – Thin Film	Pt100 4 wires	-50...+200°C	1/3 DIN
TP87.1000.O 1/3 DIN – Thin Film	Pt1000 2 wires	-50...+200°C	1/3 DIN

Common characteristics

Resolution	0.1°C
Temperature drift @ 20°C	
Pt100	0.003%/°C
Pt1000	0.005%/°C

ORDER CODES

HD2101.1	The kit includes the instrument HD2101.1, 4 x 1.5V alkaline batteries, operating manual, case and DeltaLog9 software.
HD2101.2	The kit includes the HD2101.2 datalogger , 4 x 1.5V alkaline batteries, operating manual, case and DeltaLog9 software. Probes, saturated solutions and cables have to be ordered separately.
HD2110CSNM	Connection cable 8-pole MiniDin – Sub D 9-pole female for RS232C.
C.206	Connection cable 8-pole MiniDin – USB type A. With integrated RS232/USB converter.
CP23	Connection cable Mini-USB type B – USB type A.
DeltaLog9	Software for transfer and management of the data on PC using Windows (from 98) operating systems.
SWD10	Stabilized power supply at 100-240Vac/12Vdc-1A mains voltage.
HD40.1	The kit includes: 24-column portable thermal printer, serial interface, 57mm paper width, four NiMH 1.2V rechargeable batteries, SWD10 power supply, instruction manual, 5 thermal paper rolls.
BAT.40	Spare battery pack for HD40.1 printer with in-built temperature sensor.
RCT	The kit includes 4 thermal paper rolls 57mm wide and 32mm in diameter.

PROBES COMPLETE WITH SICRAM MODULE

TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT

TP472I	Immersion probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 3 mm, length 300 mm. Cable length 2 metres.
TP472L.0	Immersion probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 3 mm, length 230 mm. Cable length 2 metres.
TP473P.I	Penetration probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 4mm, length 150 mm. Cable length 2 metres.
TP473P.0	Penetration probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 4mm, length 150 mm. Cable length 2 metres.
TP474C.0	Contact probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 4 mm, length 230 mm, contact surface Ø 5 mm. Cable length 2 metres.
TP475A.0	Air probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 4 mm, length 230 mm. Cable length 2 metres.
TP472L.5	Immersion probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 6 mm, length 500 mm. Cable length 2 metres.
TP472L.10	Immersion probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 6 mm, length 1000 mm. Cable length 2 metres.
TP49A.I	Immersion probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 2.7 mm, length 150 mm. Cable length 2 metres. Aluminium handle.

TP49AC.I	Contact probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 4 mm, length 150 mm. Cable length 2 metres. Aluminium handle.
TP49AP.I	Penetration probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 2.7 mm, length 150 mm. Cable length 2 metres. Aluminium handle.
TP875.I	Globe-thermometer Ø 150 mm with handle. Cable length 2 metres.
TP876.I	Globe-thermometer Ø 50 mm with handle. Cable length 2 metres.
TP87.O	Immersion probe, sensor Pt100. Stem Ø 3 mm, length 70 mm. Cable length 2 metres.
TP878.O	Contact probe for solar panels. Cable length 2 metres.
TP878.1.O	Contact probe for solar panels. Cable length 5 metres.
TP879.O	Penetration probe for compost. Stem Ø 8 mm, length 1 metre. Cable length 2 metres.

RELATIVE HUMIDITY AND TEMPERATURE PROBES

HP472ACR	Combined probe %RH and temperature, dimensions Ø26x170mm. Connection cable length 2 metres.
HP572ACR	Combined probe %RH and temperature - thermocouple K sensor. Dimensions Ø26x170mm. Connection cable length 2 metres.
HP473ACR	Combined probe %RH and temperature. Dimensions handle Ø26x130mm, probe Ø14x120mm. Connection cable length 2 metres.
HP474ACR	Combined probe %RH and temperature. Dimensions handle Ø26x130mm, probe Ø14x215mm. Connection cable length 2 metres.
HP475ACR	Combined probe %RH and temperature. Connection cable length 2 metres. Handle Ø 26x110mm. Stainless steel stem Ø12x560mm. Point Ø13.5x75mm.
HP475AC1R	Combined probe %RH and temperature. Connection cable length 2 metres. Handle 80mm. Stainless steel stem Ø14x480mm.
HP477DCR	Combined sword probe %RH and temperature. Connection cable length 2 metres. Handle Ø26x110mm. Probe's stem 18x4mm, length 520mm.
HP478ACR	Combined probe %RH and temperature. Connection cable length 5 metres. Stainless steel stem Ø14x130mm.

TEMPERATURE PROBES WITHOUT SICRAM MODULE

TP47.100.O	Immersion probe, sensor Pt100 direct 4 wires. Probe's stem Ø 3mm, length 230mm. 4-wire connection cable with connector, length 2 metres.
TP47.1000.O	Immersion probe, sensor Pt1000. Probe's stem Ø 3mm, length 230mm. 2-wire connection cable with connector, length 2 metres.
TP87.100.O	Immersion probe, sensor Pt100 direct 4 wires. Probe's stem Ø 3mm, length 70mm. 4-wire connection cable with connector, length 2 metres.
TP87.1000.O	Immersion probe, sensor Pt1000. Probe's stem Ø 3mm, length 70mm. 2-wire connection cable with connector, length 2 metres.
TP47	Only connector for probe connection: Pt100 direct 4 wires, Pt1000 and Ni1000 2 wires.

ACCESSORIES

HD11	Saturated solution at 11.3%RH@20°C for calibration of relative humidity probes, ring M24x1.5 and M12x1.
HD33	Saturated solution at 33.0%RH@20°C for calibration of relative humidity probes, ring M24x1.5 and M12x1.
HD75	Saturated solution at 75.4%RH@20°C for calibration of relative humidity probes, ring M24x1.5 and M12x1.

Protection for humidity probes HP472AC, HP572AC (M24x1,5)

P1	Stainless steel grid protection for probes Ø 26 mm, thread M24×1.5
P2	20µ sintered polyethylene PE protection for probes Ø 26 mm, thread M24×1.5
P3	20µ sintered bronze protection for probes Ø 26 mm, thread M24×1.5
P4	20µ sintered PE complete cap for probes Ø 26 mm, thread M24×1.5

Protection for humidity probes HP473AC, HP474AC, HP475AC, HP475AC1, HP478AC (M12×1)

P6	10µm sintered AISI 316 protection for probes Ø 14 mm, thread M12×1
P7	20µm PTFE protection for probes Ø 14 mm, thread M12×1
P8	20µ stainless steel grid and POCAN protection for probes Ø 14 mm, thread M12×1

DELTA OHM metrology laboratories LAT N° 124 are accredited by ACCREDIA for Temperature, Humidity, Pressure, Photometry / Radiometry, Acoustics and Air Velocity. They can supply calibration certificates for the accredited quantities.

NOTES

WARRANTY

The manufacturer is required to respond to the "factory warranty" only in those cases provided by Legislative Decree 6 September 2005 - n. 206. Each instrument is sold after rigorous inspections; if any manufacturing defect is found, it is necessary to contact the distributor where the instrument was purchased from. During the warranty period (24 months from the date of invoice) any manufacturing defects found will be repaired free of charge. Misuse, wear, neglect, lack or inefficient maintenance as well as theft and damage during transport are excluded. Warranty does not apply if changes, tampering or unauthorized repairs are made on the product. Solutions, probes, electrodes and microphones are not guaranteed as the improper use, even for a few minutes, may cause irreparable damages.

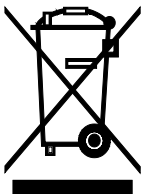
The manufacturer repairs the products that show defects of construction in accordance with the terms and conditions of warranty included in the manual of the product. For any dispute, the competent court is the Court of Padua. The Italian law and the "Convention on Contracts for the International Sales of Goods" apply.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The quality level of our instruments is the result of the continuous product development. This may lead to differences between the information reported in the manual and the instrument you have purchased.

We reserves the right to change technical specifications and dimensions to fit the product requirements without prior notice.

DISPOSAL INFORMATION



Electrical and electronic equipment marked with specific symbol in compliance with 2012/19/EU Directive must be disposed of separately from household waste. European users can hand them over to the dealer or to the manufacturer when purchasing a new electrical and electronic equipment, or to a WEEE collection point designated by local authorities. Illegal disposal is punished by law.

Disposing of electrical and electronic equipment separately from normal waste helps to preserve natural resources and allows materials to be recycled in an environmentally friendly way without risks to human health.

CE RoHS

